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Subject: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [Ghose](#) on Sat, 01 Feb 2020 16:05:08 GMT  
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Hi,

I'm working with IR datasets from several countries in sub-Saharan Africa. I'd like to ask if there is any way to estimate preterm birth from women's dataset, as this variable doesn't seem to appear anywhere.

Thanks in advance for your suggestions!  
Ghose

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Subject: Re: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [Bridgette-DHS](#) on Fri, 07 Feb 2020 16:04:12 GMT  
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Following is a response from Senior DHS Specialist, Kerry MacQuarrie:

Please look at the b20 variables in the IR file. This is duration of pregnancy. The suffix \_0x refers to the birth index number (birth order).

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Subject: Re: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [lillo?S](#) on Tue, 28 Apr 2020 13:16:42 GMT  
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Hello, I understand that the variable b20\_0x can take values up to 10. I was wondering what these values mean. Does they refer to 30/31-day months or 28-day months? I would like to construct a preterm birth variable and have doubts on how to construct it; preterm is defined as babies born alive before 37 weeks of pregnancy are completed, so I think here it is important to know how this variable was constructed. Thank you very much for clarifying this.

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Subject: Re: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [mianrashid](#) on Thu, 30 Apr 2020 05:13:00 GMT  
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Hello,

How we calculate the day of the first union in given month and year?

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Subject: Re: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [Bridgette-DHS](#) on Fri, 01 May 2020 14:11:36 GMT  
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This is a multiple occurring variables, and each occurrence of every multiple variable must have its own name because statistical packages do not generally support the use of arrays or subscripts. For example, the third occurrence of the variable M18 would be named M18\$03 in SPSS, or M18\_03 in SAS and STATA.

You might want to use the Child file (KR) or the Births file (BR), because in these files, you will have just one variable for each observation.

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Subject: Re: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [lillo?S](#) on Fri, 01 May 2020 14:24:44 GMT  
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Hi Brigette, I am using the child file (KR). The issue was related to what the duration of pregnancy means. If preterm is defined as babies born alive before 37 weeks of pregnancy are completed, do we define a preterm birth as duration of pregnancy (b20) being smaller than 9 or smaller than

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Subject: Re: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [lmallick](#) on Fri, 08 May 2020 17:34:14 GMT  
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Dear user,

We do not have precise information on preterm births (see post: <https://userforum.dhsprogram.com/index.php?t=msg&goto=11535&S=Google>). We ask about the number of months a woman was pregnant in calendar months (not 28 days). However, it is difficult to assess gestational age is limited in low-resource settings (see this article, for example: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5997365/#S1>). That said, I would use less than 9 months as an approximation.

You could also use low birthweight as a proxy, as low birthweight and preterm birth are associated, although in places where birthweight is not often assessed or recorded on cards that mothers have possession of to present during the interview, perceived size at birth is also subject to error ( <https://bmjopen.bmj.com/content/bmjopen/9/12/e031986.full.pdf> ).

Thanks,  
Lindsay Mallick  
Lead Research Analyst

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Subject: Re: Estimating preterm birth  
Posted by [Bridgette-DHS](#) on Fri, 08 May 2020 18:29:54 GMT  
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Following is a response from DHS Research & Data Analysis Director, Tom Pullum:

When you have the month and year of an event, but not the day, and some calculation depends on knowing the day, we usually assign the 15th of the month. That will minimize the error. I think you may find exceptions, in which the 1st of the month is assigned (or is implied by the way the calculation is done). But usually the 15th.

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