Subject: Child's dietary history

Posted by WoodyWoodruff on Mon, 16 May 2016 19:36:37 GMT

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I am trying to derive some of the standard WHO/UNICEF IYCF indicators from data from the 1999, 2005, and 2011 DHS in Guinea. The 2005 DHS questionnaire asked about the frequency of consumption of several liquids and food groups in the past 24 hours. I would like to use these responses to derive something like adequate dietary diversity in children 6-23 months of age and calculate the prevalence of exclusive breastfeeding in children <6 months of age. However, for the pertinent variables in the child recode dataset (variables V460A - V469Y), there are many missing values (see tables in attached file).

The report from the 2005 DHS gives analyses based on these variables, but I don't know how this was done given the very high proportion of records with missing values.

My question is why are there so many missing values and how was the analysis of these variables done for the report?

File Attachments

1) Missing values food frequency Guinea DHS 2005.doc, downloaded 703 times

Subject: Re: Child's dietary history

Posted by Trevor-DHS on Thu, 26 May 2016 16:26:21 GMT

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You need to select the appropriate cases for the analysis. The data on the foods given are only collected for the last child living with the mother, so you need to select if the child is 1) alive, 2) living with the mother, and 3) was the last born child that is living with the mother.

Subject: Re: Child's dietary history

Posted by Trevor-DHS on Thu, 26 May 2016 16:48:02 GMT

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See http://userforum.dhsprogram.com/index.php?t=msg&goto=959 8 for similar code that performs the selection needed.

Subject: Re: Child's dietary history

Posted by WoodyWoodruff on Thu, 26 May 2016 20:11:32 GMT

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Dear Trevor:

Thanks for the information. I had already selected the appropriate children when I previously posted the frequency distributions of the dietary variables. The attached SPSS output shows

these distributions for the specific children you mention - the most recently born living children living with their mothers. In addition, because I'm trying to derive the standard IYCF indicators for complementary feeding adequacy, I've selected only those children 6-23 months of age. As you can readily see, for many of the variables, there are still many missing values. This problem seems to be specific to the 2005 Guinea child recode dataset. The 1999 and 2012 Guinea DHS datasets, as well as the 2000, 2005, and 2011 Ethiopia datasets with which I've worked previously, do not have this problem. Any explanation you can offer would be greatly appreciated.

File Attachments

1) 2005 Child feeding variables 6-23 months.pdf, downloaded 787 times

Subject: Re: Child's dietary history

Posted by Trevor-DHS on Tue, 07 Jun 2016 22:23:16 GMT

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All of the missing data that you are seeing is related to the structure of the questionnaire used at the time of the Guinea 2005 survey. in this survey women are asked if they gave children each type of food in the past 7 days, and if they gave the food in the past 7 days then whether they gave the child the food in the past 24 hours. If they did not give the child the food in the past 7 days or the response was missing, then there is no valid response in the question on the last 24 hours.

You may want to look at variables M37A-X (last 24 hours) and M40A-X (last 7 days). For example, if you compare M37C with V469C for the selected cases you will see that they are identical. If you then crosstab M37C (or V469C) with M40C you will see that the cases that are codes 0 or 9 on M40C are the one that are not valid on M37C and V649C.

Also note that your selection criteria is not quite correct. You need to select the youngest child living with the mother. You have always selected the last born child (bidx=1), but this child is not the youngest child living with the mother if the last born child does not live with the mother or is dead. You need to first sort the data according to the ID fields v001, v002, v003, bidx (the file may be sorted already) and then use the following condition:

COMPUTE filter_\$=(HW1>=6 AND HW1<24 AND b5=1 and b9=0 and lag(caseid)<>caseid). Using the lag function ensures that only the last child living with the mother is selected.