Subject: THE IMPACT OF SOCIOECONOMIC BACKGROUND AND BIRTH ATTRIBUTES ON INFANT MORTALITY IN BANGLADESH
Posted by Anonymous on Fri, 24 Mar 2023 18:01:23 GMT
View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Mother's age at birth (maternal age) is considered as an influential factor of infant mortality. In this study mother's age at birth was calculated from the mother's age at marriage and the preceding and successive birth intervals. For the simplicity of the analysis, the data were recoded as 20 or less=1 20-29=2 30 or more= 3
how i can do this in spss?pls help me someone
n.b: i added my paper,this is word file,pls check it out

File Attachments
1) Project Report (Samrat) review (1) (1).pdf, downloaded 342 times

Subject: Re: THE IMPACT OF SOCIOECONOMIC BACKGROUND AND BIRTH ATTRIBUTES ON INFANT MORTALITY IN BANGLADESH
Posted by Bridgette-DHS on Mon, 27 Mar 2023 19:01:02 GMT
View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Following is a response from Senior DHS staff member, Tom Pullum:

The following Stata lines will construct this three-category version of the mother's age at the birth of the child. You should be able to translate it into SPSS. The function int(x) constructs the integer part of a number. For example, int(1.1) is 1, and int(1.7) is also 1. There should be something similar in SPSS.

```
* Mother's age at the birth of the child
gen moage_years=int((b3-v011)/12)
gen moage=1
replace moage=2 if moage_years>=20
replace moage=3 if moage_years>=35
label variable moage "Age at birth"
label define moage 1 "<20" 2 "20-34" 3 "35+"
label values moage moage
tab moage [iweight=wt]
drop moage_years
```