Subject: Re: Contraception discontinuation Posted by Trevor-DHS on Wed, 20 Apr 2016 18:19:16 GMT

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I don't have too much experience with life tables in Stata, but analysis expert Sarah Bradley wrote recently for another user:

"My suggestions for replicating DHS results are:

- 1. Reshape vcal_1 and vcal_2 into files where the unit of analysis is the episode of contraceptive use (potential multiple episodes j per woman i). It sounds like this isn't a daunting task for you, but if you run into trouble with this step, please let Trevor and I know, as we're working on standard events-based files.
- 2. Calculate durations of use from the start and end of each episode of use. Note that DHS standard is to use a window of observation that is 3-62 months prior to interview, censoring the most recent 3 months prior to interview, dropping left-truncated episodes, and including episodes of use that began >62 months before interview as late entries into the life table. We describe this in somewhat excruciating detail in the methodological appendix in the recent Guttmacher Report on Contraceptive Failure.
- 3. For associated-single decrement rates (as in the Guttmacher report), try -sts list. Note that this doesn't support pweights. I use iweights and calculate the SEs in alternative ways.
- 4. For multiple-decrement rates (as in DHS final reports, STATcompiler), I like -stcompet-. The documentation on this in Stata Journal is quite good.

A caveat: -ltable- in Stata assumes that nax = n/2, i.e. that discontinuations occur in the middle of the month. The DHS standard is to assume that discontinuations occur at the end of the month, so -ltable- will produce slightly different estimates than -sts list- which assumes that failures occur at the end of the month."