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Subject: School attendance Mozambique 2022  
Posted by [Simon](#) on Fri, 24 Jan 2025 15:39:16 GMT  
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Hi there,  
I'm aiming at the NARs, GARs and GPIs for school attendance in Mozambique based on the 2022 survey - basically table 2.12.

I changed the year and start month in the code download from GitHub to 2022 and 1, and that doesn't seem to match. I actually tried all the combinations of years and months from 2021 1 to 2022 12 - and none of them seem to match!

I think I'm missing something else, and was hoping you might point me in the right direction.

Thanks a lot! Simon

P.S. Below is the GitHub code:

```
/*-----  
Program: PH_SCHOL.do  
Purpose: Code to compute school attendance indicators  
Data inputs: BR and PR dataset  
Data outputs: coded variables  
Author: Trevor Croft, modified by Shireen Assaf for this project  
Date last modified: May 6, 2020 by Shireen Assaf  
December 1, 2021 by Trevor Croft
```

Note: To produce the net attendance ratios you need to provide country specific information on the year and month of the school calendar and the age range for school attendance. See lines 63-73. You can obtain this information for each country from the UNESCO website: <http://data.uis.unesco.org/>. This would be under "Education" and then "Other policy relevant indicators". Scroll to the bottom of the list to obtain the school ages from "Official entrance age to each ISCED level of education" and the school calendar from "Start and end of the academic year".

```
-----*/
```

```
/*-----
```

Variables created in this file:

```
ph_sch_nar_prim "Primary school net attendance ratio (NAR)"  
ph_sch_nar_sec "Secondary school net attendance ratio (NAR)"  
ph_sch_gar_prim "Primary school gross attendance ratio (GAR)"  
ph_sch_gar_sec "Secondary school gross attendance ratio (GAR)"  
ph_sch_nar_prim*_gpi "Gender parity index for NAR primary"  
ph_sch_nar_sec*_gpi "Gender parity index for NAR secondary"  
ph_sch_gar_prim*_gpi "Gender parity index for GAR primary"
```

```
ph_sch_gar_sec*_gpi "Gender parity index for GAR secondary"  
-----*/
```

\* For net attendance rates (NAR) and gross attendance rates (GAR) we need to know the age of children at the start of the school year.

\* For this we need to get date of birth from birth history and attach to children's records in the PR file.

\* open the birth history data to extract date of birth variables needed.

```
use "C:\Users\Simon Cresswell\Desktop\Cornerstone\Mozambique\Dropbox files\DHS\DHS  
2022\DHS Database\4. Birth History\MZBR81FL.dta", clear
```

\* keep only the variables we need

```
keep v001 v002 v003 b3 b16
```

\* drop if the child in the birth history was not in the household or not alive

```
drop if b16==0 | b16==.
```

\* rename key variables for matching

```
rename b16 hvidx
```

```
rename v001 hv001
```

```
rename v002 hv002
```

\* sort on key variables

```
sort hv001 hv002 hvidx
```

\* if there are some duplicates of line number in household questionnaire, we need to drop the duplicates

```
* gen dup = (hv001 == hv001[_n-1] & hv002 == hv002[_n-1] & hvidx == hvidx[_n-1])
```

```
* drop if dup==1
```

```
* drop dup
```

\* re-sort to make sure still sorted

```
* sort hv001 hv002 hvidx
```

\* save a temporary file for merging

```
save tempBR, replace
```

\* use the PR file for household members for the NAR and GAR indicators

```
use "C:\Users\Simon Cresswell\Desktop\Cornerstone\Mozambique\Dropbox files\DHS\DHS  
2022\DHS Database\7. Household Members\MZPR81FL.dta", clear
```

\* merge in the date of birth from the women's birth history for the household member

```
merge 1:1 hv001 hv002 hvidx using tempBR
```

\* there are a few mismatches of line numbers (typically a small number of cases) coming from the BR file, so let's drop those

```
drop if _merge==2
```

\* restrict to de facto household members age 5-24, and drop all others

```
keep if hv103==1
```

```
* & inrange(hv105,5,24)
```

\* now we calculate the child's age at the start of the school year

\* but first we have to specify the month and year of the start of the school year referred to in the

survey

\* example, for Zimbabwe 2015 survey this was January 2015

global school\_start\_yr = 2022

global school\_start\_mo = 1

\* also need the age ranges for primary and secondary

\* example, for Zimbabwe 2015, the age range is 6-12 for primary school and 13-18 for secondary school

global age\_prim\_min = 6

global age\_prim\_max = 12

global age\_sec\_min = 13

global age\_sec\_max = 17

\* produce century month code of start of school year for each state and phase

gen cmcSch = (\$school\_start\_yr - 1900)\*12 + \$school\_start\_mo

replace cmcSch = cmcSch+12 if hv008 >= cmcSch+12

\* calculate the age at the start of the school year, using the date of birth from the birth history if we have it

gen school\_age = int((cmcSch - b3) / 12) if b3 != .

\* Impute an age at the beginning of the school year when CMC of birth is unknown

\* the random imputation below means that we won't get a perfect match with the report, but it will be close

gen xtemp = hv008 - (hv105 \* 12) if b3 == .

gen cmctemp = xtemp - int(uniform()\*12) if b3 == .

replace school\_age = int((cmcSch - cmctemp) / 12) if b3 == .

\* Generate variables for whether the child is in the age group for primary or secondary school

gen prim\_age = inrange(school\_age,\$age\_prim\_min,\$age\_prim\_max)

gen sec\_age = inrange(school\_age,\$age\_sec\_min,\$age\_sec\_max)

\* create the school attendance variables, not restricted by age

gen prim = (hv122 == 1)

gen sec = (hv122 == 2)

\* set sample weight

cap gen wt = hv005/1000000

\* For NAR we can use this as just regular variables and can tabulate as follows, but can't do this for GAR as the numerator is not a subset of the denominator

\* NAR is just the proportion attending primary/secondary school of children in the correct age range, for de facto children

gen nar\_prim = prim if prim\_age == 1

gen nar\_sec = sec if sec\_age == 1

lab var nar\_prim "Primary school net attendance ratio (NAR)"

lab var nar\_sec "Secondary school net attendance ratio (NAR)"

\* tabulate primary school attendance

tab hv104 nar\_prim [iw=wt] , row

tab hv025 nar\_prim [iw=wt] , row

```

tab hv270 nar_prim [iw=wt] , row
* tabulate secondary school attendance
tab hv104 nar_sec [iw=wt] , row
tab hv025 nar_sec [iw=wt] , row
tab hv270 nar_sec [iw=wt] , row

```

```

* Program for calculating NAR or GAR
* NAR just uses a mean of one variable
* GAR uses a ratio of two variables

```

```

* Program to produce NAR or GAR for background characteristics (including total) for both sex,
combined and separately

```

```
cap program drop nar_gar
```

```
program define nar_gar
```

```

* parameters
* type of rate - nar or gar
* type of schooling - prim or sec
* background variable for disaggregation

```

```

* generates variables of the following format
* ph_sch_rate_`sch'`backvar'`sex'
* e.g. ph_sch_nar_prim_total_0
* or ph_sch_gar_sec_hv025_2
* sex: 0 = both sexes combined, 1=male, 2=female

```

```
* type of rate - nar or gar
```

```
local rate `1'
```

```
if "`rate'" != "nar" & "`rate'" != "gar" {
```

```
di as error "specify type of rate as nar or gar"
```

```
exit 198
```

```
}
```

```
* type of schooling - prim or sec only
```

```
local sch `2'
```

```
if "`sch'" != "prim" & "`sch'" != "sec" {
```

```
di as error "specify schooling as prim or sec"
```

```
exit 198
```

```
}
```

```
* name of background variable
```

```
local backvar `3'
```

```
* do for total = 0, and each sex male = 1, female = 2
```

```
foreach sex in 0 1 2 {
```

```
if `sex' == 0 local select 0==0 /* always true */
```

```
else local select hv104==`sex'
```

```
if "`rate'" == "nar" { /* Net Attendance Rate (NAR) */
```

```
mean `sch' [iw=wt] if `select' & `sch'_age == 1, over(`backvar')
```

```
* results matrix for mean - used for NAR
```

```
mat x = e(b)
```

```

}
else { /* Gross Attendance Rate (GAR) */
  ratio `sch' / `sch'_age [iw=wt] if `select', over(`backvar')
  * results matrix for ratio - used for GAR
  mat x = r(table)
}
* generate the output variable we will fill
gen ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_`sex' = .
* get all of the characteristics of the background variable
cap levelsof `backvar'
local ix = 1
local lev `r(levels)'
* loop through the characteristics and get the result from matrix x
foreach i in `lev' {
  * capture the result for this characteristic
  replace ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_`sex' = 100*x[1,`ix'] if `backvar' == `i'
  local ix = `ix' + 1
}
* label the resulting variable
local schooling primary
if "`sch'" == "sec" local schooling secondary
local sexlabel both sexes
if `sex' == 1 local sexlabel males
if `sex' == 2 local sexlabel females
lab var ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_`sex' "`rate' for `schooling' education for background
characteristic `backvar' for `sexlabel'"

* Tabulating indicators by background variables and exporting estimates to excel table
Tables_schol.xls
* the tabulations will provide the estimates for the indicators for the total, males, and females for
the background variable
  about `backvar' using Tables_schol.xls, sum cells(mean ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_`sex')
ptotal(none) append
}

* gender parity index for a rate for a characteristic - female (2) rate divided by male (1) rate
gen ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_gpi = (ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_2 /
ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_1)
lab var ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_gpi "gender parity index for `rate' for `schooling' education
for background characteristic `backvar'"

* Tabulating the GPI indicator by background variable and exporting estimates to excel table
Tables_schol.xls
* the tabulations will provide the estimates for the GPI indicator for the background variable
mean ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_gpi, over(`backvar')
  about `backvar' using Tables_schol.xls, sum cells(mean ph_sch_`rate'_`sch'_`backvar'_gpi) f(2)
ptotal(none) append

```

end

\* create total background characteristic

gen total = 0

lab var total "total"

lab def total 0 "total"

lab val total total

cap erase Tables\_schol.xls

\* Caculate indicators and save them in the dataset

nar\_gar nar prim total /\* NAR primary - total population \*/

nar\_gar nar prim hv025 /\* NAR primary - urban/rural \*/

nar\_gar nar prim hv024 /\* NAR primary - region \*/

nar\_gar nar prim hv270 /\* NAR primary - wealth index \*/

nar\_gar nar sec total /\* NAR secondary - total population \*/

nar\_gar nar sec hv025 /\* NAR secondary - urban/rural \*/

nar\_gar nar sec hv024 /\* NAR secondary - region \*/

nar\_gar nar sec hv270 /\* NAR secondary - wealth index \*/

nar\_gar gar prim total /\* GAR primary - total population \*/

nar\_gar gar prim hv025 /\* GAR primary - urban/rural \*/

nar\_gar gar prim hv024 /\* GAR primary - region \*/

nar\_gar gar prim hv270 /\* GAR primary - wealth index \*/

nar\_gar gar sec total /\* GAR secondary - total population \*/

nar\_gar gar sec hv025 /\* GAR secondary - urban/rural \*/

nar\_gar gar sec hv024 /\* GAR secondary - region \*/

nar\_gar gar sec hv270 /\* GAR secondary - wealth index \*/

erase tempBR.dta

---