Subject: KDHS 2022: Table 2.12 School attendance ratios Posted by geoK on Wed, 21 Aug 2024 21:27:44 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Dear DHS staff,

I'm trying to match Table 2.12 of school attendance ratios, using GitHub code shown below. I used the revised KDHS 2022 dataset that was released on August 13th.

use "KEBR8CFL.DTA", clear

* keep only the variables we need keep v001 v002 v003 b3 b16
* drop if the child in the birth history was not in the household or not alive drop if b16==0 | b16==.
* rename key variables for matching rename b16 hvidx rename v001 hv001 rename v002 hv002
* sort on key variables sort hv001 hv002 hvidx

* if there are some duplicates of line number in household questionnaire, we need to drop the duplicates gen dup = (hv001 == hv001[_n-1] & hv002 == hv002[_n-1] & hvidx == hvidx[_n-1]) drop if dup==1 drop dup * re-sort to make sure still sorted sort hv001 hv002 hvidx

* save a temporary file for merging tempfile tempBR save `tempBR'

* use the PR file for household members for the NAR and GAR indicators use "KEPR8CFL.DTA", clear

* merge in the date of birth from the women's birth history for the household member merge 1:1 hv001 hv002 hvidx using `tempBR'
* there are a few mismatches of line numbers (typically a small number of cases) coming rom the BR file, so let's drop those drop if _merge==2

* restrict to de facto household members age 5-24, and drop all others keep if hv103==1 & inrange(hv105,5,24)

* now we calculate the child's age at the start of the school year

* but first we have to specify the month and year of the start of the school year referred to in the survey

* example, for Zimbabwe 2015 survey this was January 2015

```
global school_start_yr = 2022
global school_start_mo = 1
* also need the age ranges for primary and secondary
global age_prim_min = 6
global age prim max = 13
global age sec min = 14
global age sec max = 17
* produce century month code of start of school year for each state and phase
gen cmcSch = ($school_start_yr - 1900)*12 + $school_start_mo
replace cmcSch = cmcSch+12 if hv008 >= cmcSch+12
* calculate the age at the start of the school year, using the date of birth from the birth history if we
have it
gen school_age = int((cmcSch - b3) / 12) if b3 != .
* Impute an age at the beginning of the school year when CMC of birth is unknown
* the random imputation below means that we won't get a perfect match with the report, but it will
be close
gen xtemp = hv008 - (hv105 * 12) if b3 == .
gen cmctemp = xtemp - int(uniform()*12) if b3 ==.
replace school_age = int((cmcSch - cmctemp) / 12) if b3 == .
* Generate variables for whether the child is in the age group for primary or seconary school
gen prim_age = inrange(school_age,$age_prim_min,$age_prim_max)
gen sec age = inrange(school age,$age sec min ,$age sec max )
```

* create the school attendance variables, not restricted by age gen prim = (hv122 == 1) gen sec = (hv122 == 2)

* set sample weight cap gen wt = hv005/1000000

* For NAR we can use this as just regular variables and can tabulate as follows, but can't do this for GAR as the numerator is not a subset of the denominator

* NAR is just the proportion attending primary/secondary school of children in the correct age range, for de facto children gen nar_prim = prim if prim_age == 1 gen nar_sec = sec if sec_age == 1 lab var nar_prim "Primary school net attendance ratio (NAR)" lab var nar_sec "Secondary school net attendance ratio (NAR)"

* tabulate primary school attendance tab hv104 nar_prim [iw=wt], row tab hv025 nar_prim [iw=wt], row tab hv270 nar_prim [iw=wt] , row * tabulate secondary school attendance tab hv104 nar_sec [iw=wt] , row tab hv025 nar_sec [iw=wt] , row tab hv270 nar_sec [iw=wt] , row

Can you please help?

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